

MATHEMATICS ACTIVITIES

PUPIL'S BOOK 3

FOR LEARNERS WITH HEARING IMPAIRMENT

MINISTRY OF EDUCATION

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Foreword

The focus of education in any country is the provision of quality and inclusive education and training to all its citizens. The Government of Kenya is committed to this goal as one of the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), a contributor to other core SDGs and a right for all, irrespective of their physical status, according to the 2010 Constitution of Kenya. Quality education is paramount to any country in the development and building of a just and cohesive society that enjoys inclusive and equitable social development. In an effort to realise national aspirations of education as envisioned in all policy documents, the Government has provided a policy framework to offer direction in modernising and re-branding the country's education and training system including that of learners with special needs. These documents include *Vision 2030, the National Education Sector Strategic Plan 2018 – 2022 (NESSP)* and *Sessional Paper No. 1 of 2019*.

It is the focus of the Government to ensure maintenance and improvement of inclusive, equitable and quality education to avoid persistent regional disparities in the learning outcomes, as well as access to education based on gender, diverse needs, location and region. The basis of the ongoing education reform is to make education in Kenya competitive internationally and socio-economically viable. The Government is ensuring that education strives to stimulate innovation and enhance the acquisition of 21st Century skills through the provision and adaptation of content for learners with special needs.

The Ministry of Education, in partnership with Global Partnership for Education and other development partners, has invested heavily in the provision of educational materials, infrastructure, and human resources in order to enhance the quality of education delivered in Kenyan schools. Evidence-based interventions and global best practices have been adopted in teaching numeracy in early grades.

This adapted mathematics pupil's book for learners with special needs and disability is based on the Competency Based Curriculum and is approved by the Kenya Institute of Curriculum Development for use in schools. It will no doubt inform and guide the teaching and learning of mathematics in early grades. The design of the book ensures that all Kenyan learners with special needs and disability can perform arithmetic operations accurately and efficiently.

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Prof. George A. O. Magoha, EGH, Cabinet Secretary, Ministry of Education

Preface

The goal of the Ministry of Education is to provide quality and inclusive education to all learners irrespective of their socio-economic and physical status. Over time, reforms have been undertaken to improve the education sector with a view to making it globally competitive. The Competency Based Curriculum that has been rolled out emphasises nurturing every learner's potential to ensure they are engaged, empowered and ethical. Its focus is on the provision of quality inclusive education and relevance.

Research initiatives such as National Assessment Monitoring Learning Achievement (NASMLA) and Southern and Eastern Africa Consortium for Monitoring Education Quality (SACMEQ) indicate the need for improved achievement in literacy and numeracy competencies among learners with special needs. Recent developments in the education reform process emphasize the role of literacy and numeracy competencies in supporting learning, especially in the foundational early grades. The increasing focus on the quality of education has resulted in interventions that have shown a positive impact on literacy and numeracy outcomes.

The Ministry of Education has had an increasing focus on the quality of education in lower primary, particularly in the areas of literacy and numeracy. The Early Grade Mathematics component of the Kenya GPE's Primary Education Development (PRIEDE) Project is a scale-up of the Primary Mathematics and Reading (PRIMR), which was supported by USAID and DFID.

The overarching goal of Early Grade Mathematics is to improve early grade mathematics competency among learners. The programme aims at improving teacher capacity for effective delivery of classroom instruction, improving access to appropriate mathematics textbooks, teachers guides, and enhancing instructional support and supervision of teachers by Curriculum Support Officers and head teachers.

This adapted pupil's textbook for learners with special needs and disability is based on the Competence-Based Curriculum and approved by Kenya Institute of Curriculum (KICD) for use in the teaching of Mathematics in Early Grades. This book aims at helping pupils with special needs and disability to learn a variety of mathematical skills and concepts.

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Dr/Belio R. Kipsang, CBS Principal Secretary State Department of Early Learning and Basic Education

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The Principal Secretary, State Department of Early Learning and Basic Education, Ministry of Education, Dr Belio Kipsang, and Dr Julius Jwan, were instrumental in tirelessly directing the technical efforts of the relevant directorates at MoE, the Kenya National Examinations Council (KNEC), Kenya Education Management Institute (KEMI), Kenya Institute of Special Education (KISE) and the Teacher's Service Commission (TSC).

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More fundamentally, we wish to also recognise members of the multimembers of KICD Mathematics Panel and Early Grade Mathematics Technical Team for their invaluable commitment, support, immense individual contribution and sacrifice towards the completion of the adaptation of the content of this book.

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NUMBER CONCEPT

Week | Lesson |

Activity I Identify John's position



John is in the fourth position.

Amina is in the <mark>first</mark>	position.
James is in the <u>second</u>	position.
Janet is in the	_ position.
Mary is in the	position.

Activity 2

Name the position of the footprints from 1 to 5



First



What is the position of the classrooms from the office?

Grade	Position
2	First
3	
4	
5	Fourth
6	

Position



Work to do

I. Match the rally cars colours to position



Colour	Position
Red	3rd
Blue	Чth
Green	2nd
Yellow	5th
Orange	1st



2. Match months of the year



Position

EighthNinthTenth

Vehicle	Position
Bus	Sixth
Lorry	
Tractor	
Car	
Van	



8

٩

Positions

.

Activity Name the positions of the wagons



4

5

6

7





Work to do

Fill in the position

January is the		month of the year
February is the	2 nd	month of the year
March is the		month of the year
April is the		month of the year
May is the		month of the year
June is the		month of the year
July is the		month of the year
August is the		month of the year
September is the		month of the year
October is the	∣ ○th	month of the year
November is the	∐th	month of the year
December is the	12 th	month of the year

10

Counting in ones

Activity Arrange the number cards in order



Fill in the missing numbers

- 105, 106, 107, ____, ___, 110, 111 1.
- 2 312, 313, 314, ____, 316, ____, 318
- 600, 599, 59**8**, ____, 595, 594 3
- **8**25, 824, **8**23, ____, **8**20 4
- 900, 901, 902, ____, 905, 906 5.
- 1000, 999, 99**8**, ____, 995 6.

Work to do

Fill in the missing numbers



- 720, 721, 722, ____, ____, ____, ____ 3.
- 515, 514, 513, ____, ____, ____, ____ 4
- 431. 430, 429, ____, ____, ____, ____, 5.

Counting in twos

Example | Counting forward

302, 304, 306, 30**8**, 310, 312 601, 603, 605, 607, 609, 611 914, 916, 91**8**, 920, 922, 924

Example 2

Counting backwards

730, 72**8**, 726, 724, 722, 720

565, 563, 561, 559, 557, 555

4**8**0, 47**8**, 476, 474, 472, 470

Work to do

Write the next two numbers



Place value

Example |

36 **can be shown using bundles of sticks as shown**



Example 2

The number 36 can also be shown on an abacus as 3 tens and 6 ones



Example 3

Ones
5

Using a place value chart 45 is shown as 4 tens and 5 ones

Work to do

How Many **Ones** and **Tens** ?

١.	29	=	2 tens	and 9 d	ones	
2.	36	=	3 tens	and 6 d	ones	
3.	97	=	t	ens	and	 ones
4.	4	=	t	ens	and	ones
5.	84	=_		tens	and	 ones
6.	49	=	t	ens	and	 ones
7.	75	=_		tens	and	ones



Numbers in symbols

Activity |

Let us read and sign

		21	31	41	51	61	71	8	91
2	12	22	32	42	52	62	72	8 2	92
3	13	23	33	43	53	63	73	8 3	93
4	14	24	34	44	54	64	74	8 4	94
5	15	25	35	45	55	65	75	8 5	95
6	16	26	36	46	56	66	76	8 6	96
7	17	27	37	47	57	67	77	8 7	97
8	8	2 8	3 8	48	5 8	6 8	7 8	88	9 8
٩	19	29	39	49	59	69	79	8 9	99
10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

Activity 2 Read and sign

	•				
2 8 ,	60,	17,	99,	100,	8 2,
45,	64,	33,	47,	55,	70,
69,	20,	13,	8,	З,	27,
32,	91				

Numbers in words

Activity : Reading, signing and fingerspelling numbers one to fifty in words

Number	Words
8	eight
17	seventeen
25	twenty five
38	thirty eight
42	forty two
50	fifty

Work to do

I. Write the number

two
nine
eighteen

twenty seven

thirty two forty four fifty

2. Match

Number	Words
18	five
48	fourteen
14	twenty three
5	eighteen
23	forty eight



Numbers in words Activity

Reading, signing and fingerspelling numbers one to fifty in words

Number	Words
13	thirteen
21	twenty one
37	thirty seven
45	forty five
49	forty nine
50	fifty

Work to do

Write the number name					
<u>Words</u>					
	r name Words				

2. Match

Number	Words
29	thirty two
9	seventeen
32	forty
17	twenty nine
40	nine

Number patterns

Example |

What is the missing number?

I, 2, 3, 4, ___, 6, 7

By counting forward, the missing number is 5

Example 2

IO, 9, 8, 7, 6, ____, ____ By counting backwards, the next two numbers are 5, 4

Work to do

What is the next number?

I.	I, 3, 5, 7,	
2.	2, 4, 6, 8 ,	
3.	10, 8 , 6, 4,	
4.	9, 7, 5, 3,	
5.	4, 5, 6, 7,	
6.	8 , 7, 6, 5,	
7.	6, 7, 8 , 9,	

Number patterns



19

Work to do

Fill in the missing numbers





Adding a 3 - digit number to a 1 - digit number

Activity

Using an Abacus



 i) Arrange 471 as 1 ring in the ones spike, 7 rings in the tens spike and 4 rings in the hundreds spike.



- ii) Add 3 rings in the ones spike to get 4 rings.
- Hundreds Tens Ones
- iii) The results is 4 rings in the ones spike, 7 rings in the tens spike and 4 rings in the hundreds spike.

Example I	
324 + 5 =	
Arrange as:	
Steps	
324 1. Add 4 ones to 5 ones to get 9 + $\cancel{+}\cancel{+}5$ ones.	
$\overline{329}$ 2. Record 9 in the ones column.	
3. Bring down 2 in the tens column.	,
 Bring down 3 in the hundreds column. 	
Example 2	
 892 + 5 897 Steps 1. Add 2 ones to 5 ones to get 7 ones. 2. Record 7 in the ones column. 3. Bring 9 tens down and 8 hundreds down to get the answer. 	
Example 3 456 + 3 = Count 3 steps from 456, 457, 45 8 , 459 456 + 3 = 459	

Work to do

Add

I.	990	2.	2 8 7	3.	6	72
	+ 7	+	2		+	5
4.	441	5.	791	6.	9	04
	+ <u>6</u>	+	7		+	3
7.	344 + 3 =		8.	950 -	+ 5 =	
9.	342 + 3 =		10.	510 +	- 8 =	

23

Adding a 3 - digit number to a 1 - digit number

Activity

Using an abacus

6**8**7 + 4



Steps

- 1. Arrange 687 as 7 rings in ones spike, 8 rings in the tens spike and 6 rings in the hundreds spike.
- 2. Add 4 rings in the ones spike to get 11 rings.
- 3. Remove 10 rings from the ones spike and replace them with 1 ring in the tens spike, to get 9 rings in the tens spike.
- 4. You have 6 rings in the hundreds spike 9 rings in the tens spike and | ring in the ones spike (691)





Work to do

Add

1.	7 8 4	2.	88	3. 543
	+		+ <u> </u>	+ 9
Л	342	-	615	
4.	+ 9	э.	+	6. 0 13 <u>+ 7</u>
7.	223 + 8 =		8. 3 8 +	. 4 =
9.	8 76 + 6 =		10 . 309	+ 3 =

Adding a 3 - digit number to a 2 - digit number


Activity 2

852 + 34 =

Arrange in the place value chart as :

Hundreds	Tens	Ones	Steps
8	5	2	Add 2 Ones to 4 ones to
+	3	4	the ones column
8	8	6	2. Add 5 tens to 3 tens to
			 get 8 tens. Record 8 in the tens column. 3. Bring down 8 in the hundreds column

Work to do 1. Add

1.		324	
	+	15	
4.		102	
	+	7	

934

+

24



9. |23 + 52 =



Adding a 3 - digit number to a 2 - digit number

354 + 2**8** =

Activity |

Using an abacus









Arrange 354 as 4 rings in the ones spike, 5 rings in the tens spike and 3 rings in the hundreds spike.

- 2. Arrange 28 as 8 rings on the ones spike 2 rings in the tens spike
- 3. Add 4 rings to 8 rings in the ones spike to get 12 rings in the ones spike.
 - Regroup by separating 12 rings as I ten and 2 ones. Remove IO rings from the ones spike and add one ring in the tens spike to get 8. 2 rings remain in the ones spike.
- 5. The result is 2 rings in the ones spike, 8 rings in the tens spike and 3 rings in the hundreds spike.

Example 1

Hundreds	Tens	Ones
2	4	6
+	3	7
2	8	3

Example 2 472 + 54 =



Steps

- Add Ones 6 + 7 = 13.
- 2. Regroup by separating 13 as 1 tens and 3 ones.
- 3. Take | ten to the tens column.
- Write 3 in ones column add 1 to 4 in the tens column.
- 5. Add tens | + 4 + 3 = 8. Write 8.
- 6. Bring down 2 hundreds.

Steps

- Add ones 2 + 4 = 6.
- 2. Add tens 7 + 5 = 12
- 3. Regroup by separating |2 tens as | hundreds and 2 tens. Take | hundred to the hundreds column
- Write 2 in the tens column and take | to the hundreds column.
- 5. Add hundreds | + 4 = 5



30

Work to do Add

Ι.	342 + 49	2. 467 + 25	з. 275 <u>ч</u> . 8 62 <u>+ 16</u> <u>+ 29</u>
-			
5.	657 + 52	6. 75 8 + 8 1	7. 263 + 35 =
			8 . 496 + 72 =
9.	8 27 + 91 =	=	10. 196 + 32 =

Adding 3-single digit numbers







342

125

+

Adding two 3 - digit numbers

Activit	у :		
US	ing più		le tins
			Sto
Hundreds	Tens	Ones	1.A ir t h
Hundreds	Tens	Ones	2. A o t h 3 C
Hundreds	Tens	Ones	5.C 7 5 4
			ť

Steps

- 1.Arrange 342 as 2 sticks in ones tin, 4 sticks in tens tin and 3 sticks in hundreds tin.
- 2. Add 125 as 5 sticks in the ones tin, 2 sticks in the tens tin and 1 stick in the hundreds tin.
- 3. Count the sticks to get,7 sticks in the ones tin, 6sticks in the tens tin and4 sticks in the hundredstin.

34



Work to do 1. Add

a)	324 + 135	b)	144 • 351	_	c)	266 + 232
d)	372 + 120	e)	274 + 124	_	f)	375 + 2
2. A	dd	-		_		
a)	26 + 232	=	b)	342	+ 143 =	
c)	3 8+ 8	=	d)	372	+ 22 =	
			35			NOT FOR SALE

Adding two 3 - digit numbers

Example |

235 147

hund	reds	tens	ones	
	2	3	5	1
+	I	4	7	
	3	8	2	2

- L. Add 5 ones to 7 ones to get 12 ones.
- Regroup by separating
 as | tens and 2 ones.
- 3. Write 2 in the ones column and take | tens to the tens column.
- 4. Add | tens to 3 tens and 4 tens to get 8 tens.
 Write 8 in the tens column.
- Add 2 hundreds to
 hundreds to get 3
 hundreds.



Exampl 26 + 45	e 2 7 2	(
hundreds	tens	ones
2	6	7
+ 4	5	2
7		٩

Steps

- 1. Arrange in columns.
- 2. Add 7 ones to 2 ones to get 9 ones.
- 3. Add 6 tens to 5 tens to get || tens. Regroup by separating || tens as | hundreds and 1tens.
- 4. Write | in the tens column.
- 5. Take | hundreds to the hundreds column.
- 6. Add | hundreds to 2 and
 4 hundreds to get 7
 hundreds.

Work to do

1 . 26	2. 257	3. 363
+ 348	+ 234	+ 129

4. 227 + 256	5. 22 + 8	6. 2 8 + 136
7. 227 + 256 -	= <u>8.</u> 6 +	278 =

- 9. Juma had 468 party chairs. He bought 125 party chairs. How many party chairs does he have altogether?
- 10. Asha had 135 kg of flour. Fatuma gave her 180 kg. How many kg does she have altogether?



Number patterns

Activity

Fill in the missing numbers

	2		Ч	5	6	7			10
		13	14	15			8	19	
21		23			26				30
31	32			35		37	3 8		
41	42	43				47		49	50
51			54	55			5 8		
	62	63			66	67		69	
71			74	75			7 8		8 0
8	8 2		84		8 6		88		90
			94	95		97		99	100

Example 1

Fill in the missing numbers 422, 424, 426, 428, ____, ____

Steps

- Get the rule by getting the difference through addition between two numbers following each other.
- 2. The rule is add 2 to the previous number.
- 3. To get the next number, add 2 to 428. The next number is 430.
- 4. To get the next missing number, add 2 to 430. The number is 432.

Example 2

Fill in the missing numbers 450, 460, 470, ___, ___, 500.

- Get the rule by getting the difference through addition between two numbers following each other.
- 2. The rule is 10 more than the previous number.
- 3. To get the missing number, add 10 to 470. The next number is 480.
- 4. To get the next missing number, add 10 to 480. The number is 490.



Work out the missing numbers

- I. 125, 150, 175, <u>, 250</u>
- 2. 320, 325, 330, ____, 345
- 3. 415, 430, 445, 460, ____
- ч. 200, 250, 300, 350, ____, ____
- 5. 75, 150, 225,300, ____, ____

Half as part of a whole

A fraction shows us how many parts of a whole we have.







Draw and shade half



Quarter as part of a whole



In groups cut circular cut-outs from manilla paper.

Fold the cut-out and cut into 4 equal parts. One part is called a **quarter**, written as $\frac{1}{11}$.









Draw the following and shade a quarter



Week 3 Lesson 5



Work to do

Which shaded part is bigger ?



Fraction as part of a group

We have learnt that a fraction is a part of a whole. A fraction can also be a part of a group.

Activity |

Form a group of 6 bottle tops with three black and three red.

We have two small groups. Out of the two, one group is shaded red.



The fraction shaded red is $\frac{1}{2}$.

The fraction shaded black is $\frac{1}{2}$.

Activity 2



What part of the group is red?



What part of the group is girls? _____

What part of the group is boys? _







4.

Half of |0 = _____

- 5. Half of **8** = _____
- 6. Half of | 2 = _____
- 7. Half of 6 = _____
- 8. Half of 10 = _____
- 9. Half of 20 = _____

Subtracting a 1 - digit number from a 2 - digit number

Example		
	tens	ones
2 8	2	8
- 3 _		3
	2	5

Steps

- L Subtract 3 ones from 8 ones to get 5 ones.
- 2. Bring down 2 tens.

Example 2

Work out

arrange as

	tens	ones	
	7	9	
_		5	
	7	4	

- Subtract 5 ones from9 ones to get 4 ones.
- 2. There is no tens in the second number.
- 3. Bring down 7.



Subtract

Ι.	27	2.	7 8
	- 5	-	3
		_	
3.	45 - <u>4</u>	4. 	64 I
		_	
5.	9 6	6.	8 3 - 3
		_	
7. 9	8 - 7 =	<mark>8</mark> . 48	- 5 =

- 9. A box contains 25 pieces of soap. Grade 3 learners used 5 pieces to wash their hands. How many pieces of soap were left?
- 10. A poultry keeper had 83 chicken. She ate two. How many chicken were left?

Subtracting two 2 - digit numbers

Activity

Using an abacus

57 - 23



Tens Ones

Steps

- Arrange 57 as 7 rings in the ones spike and 5 rings in the tens spike.
- 2. Remove 3 rings from the ones spike and 2 rings from the tens spike.



3. Count the remaining rings in the ones spike and record in ones place. Count the remaining rings in the tens spike and record in tens palce.

> 57 -<u>23</u> <mark>3</mark>4



52

Example I				
	tens	ones		
36	3	6		
- 2 -		2		
	2	4		

Steps

- L Subtract 2 ones from 6 ones to get 4 ones.
- 2. Subtract 1 tens from 3 tens to get 2 tens.

Example 2

86 - 54 =

arrange as

	tens	ones	
	8	6	
-	5	4	
	3	2	

- Subtract 4 ones from
 6 ones to get 2 ones.
- 2. Subtract 5 tens from 8 tens to get 3 tens.



- 7. 75 43 =
- 8. A class has 45 pupils. The number of boys is 30. How many girls are in that class?
- 9. Andrew bought 88 story books. He gave 43 to Grade 3 learners. How many story books remained?
- 10. Morris had 54 bags of cement. Violet borrowed 32 bags. How many bags of cement were left?



36

- 7

Subtracting a 1 - digit number from a 2 - digit number

Activity

Using Bund	les of	sticks
------------	--------	--------



- Arrange 36 as 3 bundles of tens and 6 single sticks.
- Take 7 single sticks away from 6 single sticks. Since we cannot take 7 sticks from 6 sticks.
- 3. Untie | bundle of tens to get |0 single sticks. Add to the 6 single sticks to get |6 single sticks.
- 4. Remove 7 single sticks from 16 single sticks.
- Count the remaining bundles of tens and single sticks to get 2 bundles of ten and 9 singles.



Example	Stone
63	Since you can not subtract 4 ones
	from 3 ones, rearoup by breaking
59	6 tens as 5 tens and 10 ones. Add
	IO ones to 3 ones to get I3 ones.
2.	Subtract 4 ones from 13 ones to
	get 9 ones.
3.	Bring down the remaining 5 tens

Work to de 1.Subtract	D 2.	3.	4.
8 7 - <u>9</u>	26 - <u>7</u>	4 - <u>5</u>	31 - <u>3</u>
5. 62 - <u>6</u>	6. 75 - <u>6</u>	7. 90 - <u>8</u>	8. 48 9

- 9. Boaz had 16 rabbits. He gave nine to his friends. How many rabbits was he left with?
- **10.** A shopkeeper had a tray of 30 eggs. He sold five eggs. How many eggs remained?

Subtracting a 2 - digit number from a 2 - digit number

- 1 A		······································	
Example I	tens	Ones	
44	Ц	Ц	
- 27	Т		
	Z	/	
		7	
Change			

Steps

- Since you can not subtract 7 ones from 4 ones, regroup by breaking 4 tens as 3 tens and 10 ones. Add 10 ones to 4 ones to get 14 ones.
- 2. Subtract 7 ones from 14 ones to get 7 ones.
- 3. Subtract 2 tens from the remaining 3 tens to get 1 tens

Example 2	tens	ones
88	8	8
- 29 -	2	9
	5	٩

- Since you can not subtract 9 ones from 8 ones, regroup 8 by breaking tens as 7 tens and add 10 ones to 8 ones to get 18 ones.
- 2. Subtract 9 ones from 18 ones to get 9 ones.
- 3. Subtract 2 tens from the remaining 7 tens to get 5 tens.

Subtract

I. 42	2. 34	^{3.} 9 8	4. 35
- <u>17</u>	- 2 8	<u>- 69</u>	- <u>27</u>
5. 53	6. 92	7.74	
- <u>36</u>	- <u>46</u>	- <u>58</u>	

- 8. A teacher bought 82 mangoes to give to pupils on athletics day. The teacher gave out 49 mangoes. How many mangoes remained?
- 9. A mobile phone shop had 82 phones in the morning. By evening, 53 phones had been sold. How many phones were left?
- 10. Ouma bought 83 bananas to sell. Seventeen bananas were spoilt. How many bananas did he sell?



Subtracting multiples of 10



Work to do :

Subtract

1. 30	2. 40	3. 50	4. 50
- 10	- <u>30</u>	- 50	- <u>40</u>
5. 40	6. 70	7. 8 0	8. 90
- 20	- 40	- 60	- 70

- 9. A school had 90 plates. Thirty plates were broken. How many plates remained?
- **10.** Alex had 20 shirts. He gave 10 shirts to his brother. How many shirts were left?

Subtracting a 2 - digit number from a 3 - digit number

Example |

What is 539 take away 16?

Arrange the numbers in a place value chart.

Hundreds	Tens	Ones
5	3	9
		6
5	2	3

Steps

- I. Subtract 6 ones from 9 ones to get 3 ones.
- 2. Subtract | tens from 3 tens to get 2 tens.
- 3. Record 5 in the hundreds column.

Example 2

0C 0	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
852	8	5	2
	—	2	0
	8	3	2

- I. Subtract 0 ones from 2 ones to get 2 ones. Record 2 in the ones column.
- 2. Subtract 2 tens from 5 tens to get 3 tens. Record 3 in the tens column.
- 3. Record 8 in the hundreds column.



Work to do : Subtract

1.	462	2. 5 8 9	3. 666
	- 31	- <u> 16 </u>	- <u>145</u>
4.	7 8 6 - <u>73</u>	5. 5 8 5 - <u>72</u>	6. 749 - <u>35</u>

- 7. Muga has sh. 896. He spent sh. 64. How much money was he left with?
- 8. Albert's shop had 572 pairs of trousers. He sold 51 pairs. How many pairs remained?
- 9. Judy had 158 litres of paraffin to sell. She sold 33 litres. How many litres remained?
- 10. The total number of teachers and learners in a school is 265. There are 12 teachers. How many learners are there in the school?

Number patterns

Example 1

What is the next number in the pattern? 40, 35, 30, 25 ____

Steps

- Get the rule by getting the difference through subtraction between two numbers following each other.
- 2. The rule is subtract 5.
- 3. To get the next number, subtract 5 from 25. The next number is 20.

Example 2

What are the missing numbers in the pattern?

6**8**, 64,60, ___, ___, 4**8**

- Get the rule by getting the difference through subtraction between two numbers following each other
- 2. The rule is subtract 4.
- 3. To get the next number, subtract 4 from 60. The next number is 56.
- 4. To get the next missing number, subtract 4 from 56. The number is 52.


Work to do

Fill in the missing numbers





Multiplying numbers



Work to do :

Fill in the missing numbers





Multiplying numbers

Multiplication table

10110										
X	I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩	10
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	8	20
3	3	6	٩	12	15	8	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	8	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	٩	8	27	36	45	54	63	72	8	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	8 0	90	100

Examples

7 × 5 =

Steps

- 1. Identify number 7 along the first row and number 5 along the first column.
- 2. Move along the row and the column identified until they meet.
- 3. Identify the number where they meet as 35.

7 × 5 = 35



Work to do:

Multiply



Multiplying numbers

X		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩	10
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	Р	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	3	6	٩	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	2 8	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	8 0
٩	٩	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	8	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

Example

7 × 10 =

Steps

- I Identify the number 7 in the first row and number 10 in the first column.
- 2. Move along the identified row and column until they meet.
- 3. Identify the number where they meet as 70.

 $7 \times 10 = 70$

Work to do

Multiply





Dividing numbers



Work to do

Divide



Dividing Numbers



Division as repeated subtraction on a number line



Work to do





Relationship between division and multiplication using multiplication table

\times		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
3	З	6	٩	12	15	18	21	24	27
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45
6	6	12	18	(24)	30	36	42	48	54
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72
٩	Р	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81

Example

Steps

24 ÷ 6 = ____

- 6 × 4 = 24
- From 24 move up to 4 from 24 move across to 6.
- 2. Therefore
 - $6 \times 4 = 24$ and $24 \div 6 = 4$

Work to do

Divide

I.	20	÷ 4 = 5	6. 5 ÷ 3 =
		×= 20	7. 8 ÷ = 4
2.	12	÷ =	
	Ч	× = 12	8 ÷ 5 = 4
3.	12	÷ = 4	9 ÷ 5 =
4.	25	÷ = 5	ıo ÷ 4 = 2
5.	10	÷ = 5	

MEASUREMENT

LENGTH

Week **8** Lesson 3

Measuring length in metres

Activity I What is the length of the chalkboard?



Work to do

Measure

	Objects	Lengths in metres
	Longer side of the classroom cupboard	
2	Shorter side of the classroom door	
3.	Length of classroom window	
4.	The shorter length of the football field	
5.	The length of the school garden	



Estimating length

Our School Activity Estimate then measure



- The distance from the head teacher's office to the flag post.
- 2. The shorter length of the football pitch.
- 3. The school garden.

Distance	Estimate in metres	Actual distance in metres	was the estimate close
1.			
2.			
3.			





Work to do

Estimate and measure the distance

	Distance	Estimate in metres	Measurement in metres	How close was the estimate
١.	Staffroom to class			
2.	Flag post to the nearest tree			
3.	Between two trees			
4.	Between two classes			
5.	Between headteacher's office and flagpost			
6.	The shorter length of the pitch.			
7.	The length of the school garden			



MASS

Measuring mass in kilograms

The kilogram (kg) is used for measuring mass. A shopkeeper measures the mass of sugar, rice and flour in kilograms.



Work to do

Measure the masses of other objects using the | kg mass.

	Objects	Mass in kg
a)	Mathematics textbooks	
b)	Chalkboard duster	
c)	Boxes of chalk	
d)	A packet of maize	
e)	A packet of beans	

Estimating mass

Activity I Using | kg masses estimate and measure the mass of pebbles. How close was the estimate?



Activity 2

Using soil of unknown mass, use | - kg masses to determine the mass of the soil. How close was the estimate?

Work to do

Estimate and measure mass in kg.

	Object	Estimated Mass	Actual Mass	How close was the estimate?
a)				
b)				
c)				
d)				
e)				
f)				

Measuring Capacity in Litres



Capacity is measured in litres. Liquids such as water, milk and petrol can be used to measure the capacity of different containers.

Activity |

Measure the capacity using | litre container of water

Container	How many litre containers	How many litres?
Pot		
Jerrican		
Sufuria		

Work to do

How many litres?

Ι.	The bucket can be filled by 14 one litre containers. The bucket holds litres.
2.	The bottle can be filled by 5 one litre containers The bottle holds litres.
3.	The jug can be filled by 8 one litre containers. The jug holds litres.

Estimating capacity



Work to do

Estimate and measure the capacity of the containers

Containers	Estimate	Actual	How close was the Estimate?
I.			
2.			
3.			
4.			



Hour hand and minute hand



Work to do

Draw a clock face in your exercise books name the hour hand and the minute hand.

Relationship between hour hand and minute hand

- The clock face has 12 equal divisions marked 1 to 12.
- Each division between two numbers is an hour



3. Between two numbers are five smaller equal divisions. Each small division is a minute.

Activity

- 1. How many big divisions can you see on the clock face?
- 2. How many small divisions can you see on the clock face?

Work to do

Draw a clock face with

- Hour hand pointing between 8 and 9, and minute hand pointing at 4
- 2. Hour hand pointing between 10 and 11, and minute hand pointing at 6
- **3.** Hour hand pointing between 12 and 1, and minute hand pointing at 8
- 4. Hour hand pointing between 2 and 3, and minute hand pointing at 9



Time by the hour



1. What is the time?



2. Show the time



Time past the hour

Example



Quarter past 12 o'clock 15 minutes past 12 o'clock

Half past 2 o'clock. 30 minutes past 2 o'clock

Work to do

What is the time ?



Kenya currency notes

Activity Identify your shilling notes



Work to do

Write what you can see in the Kenyan currency notes.

Counting money

Activity How much money?



Sh. 50 + Sh. 100 = Sh. 150



1.





Sh. 200 + Sh. 500 = Sh. 700



500



Sh. 500 + Sh. 100 = Sh. 600



Sh. 50 + Sh. 200 + Sh 500 = Sh. 750



4.



Work to do How much money?

1.



















4.







Shopping activities involving change.

Activities

Using the classroom shop.



 John has a sh.100 note. How many sh. 50 notes will he get? John will get two sh.50 notes

Change is getting the same amount of money in smaller value

2. Jane has a sh. 200 note. How many sh. 50 notes will she get?
Jane will get four sh. 50 notes

Work to do

How much money?

- 1. Asha has a sh. 1000 note. How many sh. 500 notes will she get?
- 2. Salim has a sh. 200 note. How many sh. 100 notes will he get?
- 3. James has a sh. 500 note. How many sh. 100 notes will he get?
- **4.** Judy has a sh. 100 note. How many sh. 50 notes will she get?



Shopping activities involving balance.



Examples

 Jane has a sh. 500 note. She bought a book at sh. 300. How much money did she get back?

sh. 500 - sh. 300 = sh. 200.

She got sh. 200 back.

Money she got back is called **balance**.

 Peter had a sh. 200 note. He bought a bag at sh. 180. What was his balance?

Sh. 200 - sh. 180 = sh. 20.

His balance is sh. 20.

Balance is the amount of money that remains after paying for items we have bought.

Work to do

How much balance?

- **1.** Salim had a sh. 1000 note. He bought a chair for sh. 600. What was his balance?
- **2.** James had a sh. 500 note. He bought a table at sh. 450. What was the balance?
- **3.** Asha had a sh. 200 note. She bought a book at sh. 125. What was her balance?
- **4.** Mary has a sh. 1000 note. She bought a dress for sh. 800. What was her balance?
- 5. Judy had sh. 100 note. She bought a pencil at shs. 30. What was her balance?



POSITION AND DIRECTIONS Week II Lesson 2

Turning to the right



Work to do

Use the picture to fill in the spaces

- **1.** To go to the school, Kamau will move _____.
- 2. To visit the bank, Kamau will walk straight then turn _____.
- **3.** To visit the shop, Rose will walk straight and turn
- 4. To follow Kamau, Rose will walk _____
- **5.** From the bank to the school one will walk straight then turn _____.



Turning to the left



Work to do

Use the picture to fill in the space

- **1.** To go to the bank Kamau will walk straight and then turn to the _____.
- **2.** To go to the bank, Jane will walk straight then turn _____.
- **3.** To visit the hospital, Jane will walk straight then turn _____.
- **4.** From the shop, Kamau will turn _____ to the hospital.
- **5.** From the hospital to the bank you walk

SHAPES

Geometric shapes

Name the shapes	
A i B i C i D i E i	s a s a s a s a

Work to do

. Name the shapes



2. Write straight or curved



3. Write straight or curved



Patterns



Work to do

Add the pattern to the right

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NUMBER CONCEPT

Position

The weaver bird is in the first position. The eagle is in the second position. The rat is in the third position.

Work to do

Use the picture above to fill in the spaces

Animal	Position
Elephant	Tenth
Lion	Twelfth
Buffalo	
Cow	

Giraffe	
Gazelle	
Sheep	
Cat	



Positions symbols

Activity

Fill in the missing positions



Work to do Identify the position of the coloured tree



Counting in fives

Activity Count		
1.	8 00, 8 05, 8 10, 8 15, 8 20, 8 25, 8 30	
2.	220, 225, 230, 235, 240, 245, 250	
3.	400, 395, 390, 3 8 5, 3 8 0, 375, 370	
4.	105, 100, 95, 90, 8 5, 8 0, 75, 70	

Work to do

Count and fill in the missing numbers

- **1.** 327, 332, 337, <u>342, 347</u>, <u>352</u>.
- **2.** 713, 71**8**, 723, ____, ____, ____.
- **3.** 625, 630, 635, ____, ____, ____.
- **4.** 905, 910, 915, ____, ____, ____.
- **5.** 1000, 995, 990,____, ____, ____.
- **6.** 5**8**|, 576, 57|, ____, ____, ____.
- **7.** 470, 465, 460, ____, ____, ____.



Place value

The chart shows the place value of digits in the number 84



The same number 84 can also be shown using an abacus as



Work to do

Fill in the missing numbers











Place value







Reading and signing in symbols

Activity

Let us read and sign

75,	8 0,	2 8 9,	191,	79 8 ,
51,	654,	560,	63,	72,
427,	30,	332,	44,	49,
710.	14,	8 16,	19,	921,

Work to do

 Learners in pairs or in groups to read and sign number symbols 1 - 1000, both forward and backwards



Reading, signing and fingerspelling Numbers

Activity

Let us read, sign and fingerspell.

Number	Words	
54	Fifty four	
63	Sixty three	
79	Seventy Nine	
8 4	Eighty Four	
90	Ninety	
9 8	Ninety Eight	
100	Hundred	

109

Work to do

1.	sixty nine	69
2.	seventy six	
3.	seventy five	
4.	eighty nine	
5.	ninety three	
6.	ninety nine	
7.	one hundred	

Numbers

Activity

Write number in words

Number	Words	
80	eighty	
75	seventy five	
66	sixty six	
7 8	seventy eight	
8 9	eighty nine	
99	ninety nine	
100	hundred	

Work to do

Write the numbers in words



Number Patterns

Examples

Identify the missing numbers in the number patterns

30, 35, 40, 45 ____ To get the missing number count forward in 5s The missing number is 50

199, 193, 187, 181 ____ To get the next number, subtract 6 from the number before. 181 - 6 = 175 The missing number is 175

Work to do

Fill in the missing number

- **1.** 100, 96, 92, **88**, ____, ____.
- **2.** 321, 324, 327, ___, 333, ___, ___.
- **3.** 76, 70, 64, ____, ___, 46
- **4.** 410, 430, 450 , ____, ____.
- **5.** 410, 420, 430, ____, ____.
- **6.** 365, 361, 357, ____, ____.



Number Patterns

Examples

Identify the missing numbers in the number patterns

600, 650, 700, 750, _____.

To get to the next number count forward in 50s or add 50 to the number before. 750 + 50

The missing number is 800

424, 422, 420, ____, ___. To get the next number, count backwards in twos

The missing numbers are 418, 416

Work to do

Fill in the missing number

1.	8 66,	8 64,	<u>862</u> ,	,	<u>8</u> 58,	
2.	21 8 ,	219,	,	221,	222,	
3.	717,	719,	<u>721</u> ,	,	725,	727
4.	540,	535,	530,	,		
5.	5 8 0,	530,	4 8 0	,	3 8 0,	
6.	370,	,	410,	430,	<u>450</u> ,	

(112)

FRACTION

Week 3 Lesson

Eighth as part of a whole



Work to do

1. What fraction is shaded?





Work to do

Which fraction is bigger?



Which fraction is smaller?



Quarter as part of a group



- We have a group of 16.
- Put them into four equal groups.
- These are four groups. One group is shaded.
- The shaded is a quarter.

Work to do

1. What is a quarter of 8 ?



A quarter of 8 is



2. Draw and shade $\frac{1}{4}$ of the group





b)

3. What is

a)	A quarter of 24	is	
b)	A quarter of 32	is	
c)	A quarter of 36	is	
d)	A quarter of 48	is	





Eighth as part of a group

Example

What is an eighth of 32?

00000000 00000000 00000000 00000000

Whole group of 32

An eighth of 32 is 4

Work to do

- **1**. What is an eighth of 24?
 - $\begin{array}{c} \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \\ \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \\ \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \triangle \\ \end{array} \\ \begin{array}{c} An eighth of 24 is \end{array} \end{array}$
- 2. a) What is an eighth of 16?
 - b) What is $\frac{1}{8}$ of 16 is?
 - c) What is $\frac{1}{8}$ of 40 is?

3.

117

Draw and shade $\frac{1}{8}$

Adding a 3-digit number to a 2-digit number



4. 8 61	5. 972	6. 555
+ <u>26</u>	+ <u>26</u>	+ <u>22</u>
7. 617	8. 734	9. 8
+ <u>42</u>	+ <u>35</u>	+ <u> 7</u>

IO. 802

+ 95



Adding a 3 - digit number to a 2 - digit number



Add



Add a 3 - digit number to a 2- digit number

Example 1	
352	Steps
+ 29	I. Add 2 ones to 9 ones to get II
	ones
	2. Regroup by separating as
	tens and ones
1	3. Write I in the ones column and
352	take tens to the tens column
+ _29	- 4. Add tens to 5 tens and 2 tens
381	to get 8 tens.
Example 2	
413 + 77 =	
	Steps
	Arrange vertically
	2. Add 3 ones to 7 ones to get 10
	ones
	3. Regroup by separating 10 as 1
	tens and 0 ones
I.	4. Write 0 in the ones column and
413	take tens to the tens column
+ 77	5. Add tens to tens and 7 tens to
T 10	get 9 tens.

W Ac	ork to o	do		
.	246 + 4 8	2. 3 +	67 24	3. 406 + 55
4.	555 + 39	5. 7 _+	24 36	6. 8 48 + 3
7.	8 26 +	58 =		
8.	914 +	69 =		
٩.	8 76 +	9 =		
10.	653 +	29 =		





Add a 3 - digit number to a 2 - digit number

Example 1

+ 52

367

Hundreds	Tens	Ones
3	6	7
	5	2
4		9

Example 2

7 8 2 + 47	=
-------------------	---

Hundreds	Tens	Ones	
7	8	2	
	4	7	L
8	2	9	

Steps

- Add 7 ones to 2 ones to get 9 ones.
- 2. Add 6 tens to 5 tens to get II tens. Regroup by separating II tens
 - as | hundreds and 1 tens.
- 3. Write | in the tens column and take | hundreds to the hundreds column.
- 4. Add | hundreds to 3 to

Steps

- Arrange vertically.
- Add 2 ones to 7 ones to get
 9 ones.
- 3. Add 8 tens to 4 tens to get 12 tens. Regroup by separating 12 tens
 - as | hundreds and 2 tens.
 - Write 2 in the tens column and take | hundreds to the hundreds column.
- Add | hundreds to 7 hundreds to get 8 hundreds.

Work to do

Add

١.	263	2. 3 8 4	3 . 6 8 0
	+ 75	+ 35	+ 47
4.	652	<u>5</u> . 567	6. 7 8 I
	+ 93	+ 40	+ 55
7.	8 56 + 63 =	=	
8.	475 + 63 =	=	
٩.	160 + 45 =		

10. Peter had 246 bottles of soda in his shop. He bought another 70 bottles. How many bottles of soda does he have altogether?



Add 3 single digit number



╋

6

7

+

5

3

+

+

Add two- 3 digit numbers

Example 1	
273	
+ 116	Steps
	 Add 3 ones to 6 ones to get 9 ones
273	2. Add 7 tens to I tens to get 8 tens
+ 116	3. Add 2 hundreds to I
389	hundreds to get 3 hundreds
	5
Example 2	
502 + 496 =	
	Steps
	. Arrange the numbers
	vertically
	2. Add 2 ones to 6 ones to
	get <mark>8</mark> ones
	3. Add 0 tens to 9 tens to get
502	9 tens
+ 496	4. Add 5 hundreds to 4
<u>99</u> 8	hundreds to get 9 hundreds

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Work to do Add

1. 8 + 2	3 6 02	2.	214 + 375
3. 3 + L	3 8 2 +17	4.	406 + 511
5. 21	5 + 340 =		
6. 43	8 + 422 =		
7. 60	00 + 392 =		
<mark>8.</mark> 8	2 + 6 =		
9. 71	0 + 281 =		
10. 8 2	7 + 7 2 =		

Add Two 3 - digit numbers

Example 1	
625	Steps
0117	n Add 5 ones to 7 ones to get 12
+ 24 /	2 Rearoun by senarating 12 ones
	as tens and 2 ones
	3. Write 2 ones in the ones
625	column and take tens to the
025	tens column.
+ 247	4. Add tens to 2 and 4 to get 7
8 72	tens
	5. Add 6 hundreds to 2 hundreds
	to get 8 nunareas
Example 2	
463 + 52 8 =	=
	Steps
	Arrange vertically
	2.Add 3 ones to 8 ones to get
	ones
	3. Regroup by separating II ones as
	I tens and I ones
l I	take tens to tens column
463	5 Add tens to 6 and 2 to get 9
+ 52 8	tens
991	6.Add 4 hundreds to 5 hundreds to
	get 9 hundreds



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Work to do

I. 226	2. 371	3. 465
+ 154	+ 209	+ 28
4. 345	<u>5</u> . 514	<mark>6</mark> . 427
+ 236	+ 239	+ 353
7 729	(110	
/. /∠∣	<mark>8</mark> . 64 8	9. 8 56
+ 23	+ 7	+ 28

10. 183+ 207



Add Two 3 - digit numbers

	.
Example 1	Steps
365	L Add 5 ones to 2 ones to get 7
+ 452	ones
	2. Add 6 tens to 5 tens to get II
	tens. Regroup by separating
	tens as hundreds and tens
	3. Write in the tens column
365	and take hundreds to the
+ 452	hundreds column.
8 7	4. Add hundreds to 3 and 4
	hundreds to get 8 hundreds.
Example 2	Steps
614 + 295 =	I. Add 4 ones to 5 ones to
	get 9 ones
	2. Add tens to 9 tens to get 0
	tens. Regroup by separating 10
	tens as hundreds and 0 tens
	3. Write 0 in the tens column
	and take hundreds to the
614	hundreds column.
+ 295	4. Aud I nunareas to 6 nunareas
909	hundreds



Work to do

١.	179	2. 264	<mark>3</mark> . 346
+	+ <u>340</u>	+ 485	+ 382
4.	473	5. 667	6. 7 8 2
	+ 356	+ 252	+ 76
7.	449 + 290	=	
8.	236 + 193	=	
٩.	527 + 2 8 I	=	



Number Patterns

Example 1

Work out the missing numbers

550, 600, 650, 700, ____, ____.

Steps

- Get the rule by getting the difference between two numbers following each other.
- 2. The rule is 50 more than the previous number.
- 3. To get the next number, add 50 to 700. The next number is 750.
- 4. To get the next missing number, add 50 to 750. The number is 800.

Example 2

425, 430, ____, 440, ____, 450, 455

Steps

- I. The rule is count on in 5s to get the next number.
- 2. By counting on the first missing number after 430 is 435 and the second missing number is 445.





Work to do

Fill in the missing numbers			
Ι.	310, 3 8 5, 460, 535,		
2.	460, 520, 5 8 0, 640,		
3.	200, 250, 300, 350,		
4.	300, 325,, 375, 400,		
5.	570, 590,, 630, 650,		
6.	250, 400, 550, 700,,		

7. 2**8**0, 360, 440, 520 ____, ____



Subtracting Two 2 - digit Numbers

Examples					
I. 9 8 <u>- 67</u> 9 8 <u>- 67</u> <u>31</u>	 Steps Subtract 7 one ones to get of Subtract 6 ten tens to get 3 t 	es from 8 nes. s from 9 ens.			
2. 72 - 30 = 72 <u>- 30</u> 42	 Steps Arrange volume Subtract (ones to get) Subtract (tens to get) 	ertically.) ones from 2 t 2 ones. 8 tens from 7 t 4 tens.			
Work to do Subtract	2. 64	3. 8 5			
- 36	- 22	- <u>60</u>			
4. 79	9	5.	3 8	6.	96
-------	---	----	------------	----	----
5	5		26	_	74

- 7. A school had 56 clean cups, thirty two cups were used. How many were not used?
- 8. A head teacher had 49 mathematics books. She gave 25 to grade three learners. How many were left?
- 9. A class of 55 learners visited a home for old people. Twenty learners cleaned the rooms. The rest washed utensils. How many learners washed the utensils?
- 10. A school had 77 learners in one year. 25 learners were transferred. How many were left?



Subtracting a single digit number from a 3 - digit number

Example 1 476 <u>- 5</u> 476 <u>- 5</u> 476 <u>- 5</u> 471	 Steps Subtract 5 ones from 6 ones to get ones. Bring down 7 tens and 4 hundreds. 		
Example 2 546 - 3 = [Steps546- 333 </th		
Work to do Subtract 1. 138 <u>- 4</u>	2. 234 3. 30 8 - 1 - 5		



4. –	449 7	6.	506 - 6	7.	676 - 2
8.	7 8 9 - 2				

- 9. Eight hundred and ninety nine bags of maize were given to a zone. Kaloleni primary school received 6 bags. How many bags were left for the other schools?
- 10. During a school tree planting day 349 trees were planted. Teachers planted 8 trees. How many trees did the pupils plant?



Subtract two 2 - digit numbers

Example 1	
- 8 2	Steps
_ 47	I. Since you cannot subtract 7
	ones from 2 ones, regroup by
	breaking 8 tens as 7 tens and
	lo ones.
	2. Add IO ones to 2 ones to get
	12 ones.
	3. Subtract 7 ones from 12 ones
8 2	to get 5 ones.
- 47	4. Subtract 4 tens from the
35	remaining 7 tens to get 3
	tens.

Example 2

70 - 34 =	Steps
	Arrange vertically.
	2. Regroup by breaking 7 tens
	as 6 tens and 10 ones.
	3. Subtract 4 ones from 10
70	ones to get 6 ones.
- 34	4. Subtract 3 tens from the
36	remaining 6 tens to get 3
	tens.

138

Work to do Subtract		
I. 72	2. 5 I	3. 67
<u>- 48</u>	- 32	<u>-</u> 1 8
4. 20	5. 33	6. 8 5
_ 19	- <u>27</u>	<u>- 56</u>

- A shopkeeper has 42 packets of biscuits. He 7. sells 27 packets. How many packets were left?
- A farmer harvested 64 bags of maize. He gave 8. out 38 bags to a children's home. How many bags of maize were left?
- A Grade 3 class had 80 learners. One day 32 9 learners went for a trip. How many learners were left?
- 10. A matchbox had 32 sticks. In one week 14 were used. How many sticks were left?



Subtract a single digit number from a 3 - digit number

Example 1

684

- 5

679



- Since you can not subtract 5 ones from 4 ones, regroup by breaking 8 tens as 7 tens and 10 ones. Add 10 ones to 4 ones to get 14 ones.
- 2. Subtract 5 ones from 14 ones to get 9 ones.
- 3. Bring down the remaining 7 tens and 6 hundreds.

Example 2

	172
-	3
	169

Steps

- Since you can not subtract 3 ones from 2 ones, regroup by breaking 7 tens as 6 tens and 10 ones. Add 10 ones to 2 ones to get 12 ones.
- 2. Subtract 3 ones from 12 ones to get 9 ones.
- Bring down the remaining 6 tens and | hundreds



Work to do

Subtract

I. 346	2. 553	<mark>з</mark> . 460
_ 7	- 5	_ 4
4. 271 <u>- 6</u>	5. 8 92 - <u>8</u>	6. 934 7_

- 7. Abdi had 615 kg of flour in his shop. He sold 6 kg. How many kg of flour were left?
- 8. Alex had 783 goats. 4 died. How many goats were left?
- 9. A class had 150 textbooks. 2 got lost. How many textbooks were left?
- 10. A shopkeeper had 124 packets of milk. She sold 5 packets. How many packets were left?



Subtracting two 3 - digit numbers

Example 1				
73 8 - <u>526</u> 73 8 - <u>526</u> 212	 Steps Subtract 6 ones from 8 ones to get 2 ones. Subtract 2 tens from 3 tens to get 1 tens Subtract 5 hundreds from 7 hundreds to get 2 hundreds 			

Example 2 482 - 381 = 5teps Subtract | ones from 2ones to get | ones. Subtract 8 tens from 8tens to get 0 tens Subtract 3 hundredsfrom 4 hundreds to get |hundreds

142

Work to do

Subtract

Ι.	264 - 152	2.	9 8 6 <u>- 731</u>	3.	697 <u>- 224</u>
4	455	5		6	888
1.	- <u>340</u>	0.	- 105	0.	<u>- 777</u>

- 7. A garden had 719 seedlings. In one day 616 seedlings were sold. How many seedlings were left?
- 8. A wholesale shop had 328 bags of fertilizer. In one month, 120 bags were sold. How many bags were left?
- 9. Ole Sakida had 478 sheep. He sold 324. How many sheep were left?
- 10. A tank had 566 litres of water. A family used 323 litres. How many litres of water were left?



Subtract 2 - digit numbers from 3 - digit numbers

Example 1 Steps

406

- 442 I. Since you can not subtract 6
 - ones from 2 ones, regroup by
 - breaking 4 tens as 3 tens and 10 ones. Add 10 ones to 2 ones to get 12 ones.
 - 2. Subtract 6 ones from 12 ones to get 6 ones.
 - 3. Subtract 3 tens from 3 tens to get 0 tens.
 - 4. Bring down the 4 hundreds.

Example 2

	753	Steps
-	26	I. Since you can not subtract 6
	727	ones from 3 ones, regroup by
	<u> </u>	breaking 5 tens as 4 tens and 10
		ones. Add 10 ones to 3 ones to
		get 13 ones.
		2. Subtract 6 ones from 13 ones to
		get 7 ones.
		3. Subtract 2 tens from the
		remaining 4 tens to get 2 tens.
		4. Bring down the 7 hundreds.

144

Work to do

Subtract

1.	426	2. 914 3.	8 36
	- 71	<u>- 37</u>	- 5 8
4.	632	5. 619 6.	70 8
	- 1 8	<u>- 34</u>	- 72
7.	257 - 8 2		

- 8. A fish pond had 508 fish. On one day, 67 died. How many fish were left?
- 9. A farmer harvested 335 bags of beans. In June he sold 82 bags. How many bags of beans were left?
- IO. A shopkeeper had 124 packets of milk. She sold 5 packets. How many packets were left?



Subtract multiples of 10



146

Work to do Subtract

l.	90	2. 20	3. 360
	- 40	- 0	<u>-</u> 30
4.	88 0	5. 790	6. 650
–	440	- 690	- 50
7.	240	8 . 70	9. 430
	- 220	- 60	- 430

 A school took 80 learners for a music festival.
 30 learners performed a traditional dance and the rest recited a poem. How many learners recited a poem?



Number patterns

Example 1

Work out the missing numbers

200, 195, 190, 1**8**5, ____, ____

Steps

- Get the rule by getting the difference through subtraction between two numbers following each other.
- 2. The rule is subtract 5 from the number before.
- 3. To get the next number, subtract 5 from 185. The next number is 180.
- 4. To get the next missing number, subtract 5 from 180. The number is 175.

Example 2

900, **8**00, 700, ____, ___, 400

Steps

- Get the rule by getting the difference through subtraction between two numbers following each other.
- 2. The rule is 100 less.
- 3. To get the next number, count backwards from 700 to get 600 and 500.



Work to do

Fill in the missing numbers

- I. 55, 50, 45, 40, ____, ____
- 2. 117, 115, 113, ____, 107
- 3. 170, 160, 150, ____, ___, 120
- **H**. 2**88**, 2**8**4, 2**8**0, ____, 26**8**
- **5**. 390, 3**8**7, 3**8**4, ____, ___, 375
- **6**. **8**00, 750, 700, 650, ____, ____.
- 7. 520, 420, 320, 220, ____, ____
- **8**. 713, 710, 707, ____, ___,69**8**



Multiplying numbers



Work to do









6. Complete the table

Х	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩
2				10				
3							24	
4								
5					30			



Multiplying numbers





Work to do

I. Write the following multiplication



3. Multiply



4. Fill in the multiplication table

X	I	2	3	4	5
2					
3		6			
4					
5					25



Multiplying numbers



Work to do

There are 3 groups each with 6 balls. Write as multiplication.





3. Multiply

a)		٩	b)		10
	×	6		× _	6

- 4. Peter works out 6 mathematics questions each day. How many questions will he work out in 5 days?
- 5. Kaunda eats 5 bananas each day. How many bananas will he eat in 6 days?



Multiplying numbers



Work to do

1. There are 3 groups each with 7 balls Write as multiplication.







3.					
a)	7	b)		7	
·	× 8		×	9	

- 4. A teacher uses 2 pieces of chalk each day. How many pieces of chalk will she use in 7 days?
- 5. John plants 3 trees at home each month. How many trees does John plant in 7 months?



Dividing numbers

Multiplication table

Х		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	8
3	3	6	٩	12	15		21	24	27
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36
5	5	10	(15)	20	25	30	35	40	45
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72
٩	٩	8	27	36	45	54	63	72	8

Example 1

|**8** ÷ 6 =



From 18 move up to From 15 move up to find 6 in the first row. From 8 move across to find 3 in the first column

 $|8 \div 6 = 3$

Example 2

15 ÷ 3 =

find 3 in the first row. From 15 move across to find 5 in the first column $15 \div 3 = 5$





Work to do Divide



- 4. |6 **÷** 8 =
- 8. A mother shared 24 oranges equally among 4 children. How many oranges did each child get?
- 9. A class teacher shared 18 pencils among 3 groups of learners. How many pencils did each group get?
- 10. A farmer put 15 water melons into 3 baskets equally. How many water melons were put in each basket?



Dividing numbers

Multiplication table

mun	ipiic			ЛС						
×		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩	10
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	8	20
3	3	6	٩	12	15	8	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	8	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	2 8	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	8 0
9	٩	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	8	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	8 0	90	100

Example

72 **÷ 8** =

From 72 move up to find 8 \longrightarrow 72 \div 8 =in the first row.72 \div 8 = 9

From 72 move across to find 9 in the first column.



Work to do

Divide

I.	72	•	٩	=	5.	21	•	7	=	
2.	90	•	10	=	6.	27	<u>•</u>	3	=	
3.	14	•	7	=	7.	36	•	6	=	
4.	15	•	5	=						

- 8. Bakari had 36 mathematics books. He shared equally among 9 groups in his grade. How many did each group get?
- 9. Wavinya had 64 rubbers. She shared equally among 8 of her friends. How many did each friend get?
- A shopkeeper had 72 bags of rice. He shared them equally among 8 other shopkeepers. How many bags did each shopkeeper get?



Dividing numbers

Mult	Nultiplication table									
×		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	٩	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	8	20
3	3	6	9	12	15	8	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	8	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	4	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80
9	9	8	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	8 0	90	100

Example 1

32 ÷ 4

Steps

- 1. Write $32 \div 4$ in long form.
- 2. From 32 move up to find 4, in the first row.
- 3. From 32 move across to find 8, in the first column.
- 4. Write 8 on top of the long division sign.
- 5. Multiply 8 by 4 to get 32 and subtract 32 to get 00.



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E	xar 9	nple 2	10 9 90 - <u>90</u> 00						
W Di	Work to do Divide								
I.	6	48	5 . 8 32						
2.	8	64	6. 9 45						
3.	٩	27	7. 8 24						
4.	7	63							

- 8. Eight learners shared 72 mangoes equally. How many mangoes did each learner get?
- 9. A father shared 54 biscuits among his 6 children. How many biscuits did each child get?
- 10. Seven teachers shared 35 bottles of water equally. How many bottles of water did each teacher get?





Activity 1

Measure the longer and the shorter lengths of your classroom floor.

Floor distance	Length in metres
Longer length	
Shorter length	
Longer length	
Shorter length	

Add the lengths



Activity 2

Measure the lengths

	Longer length	Shorter length
Teacher table		
Learner desk/ bench		
The classroom window		

Work to do:

Look at the following



- a) Asha walks from home to the school. How many metres does she walk altogether?
- b) Asha walks from school to the market. How many metres does she walk altogether? _____
- c) How many metres does Asha walk from the market to her home?_____



- 2. Mercy had a string measuring 64 metres. She used 31 metres to make a basket. How many metres of string was she left with?
- 3. Joshua ran 240 metres on Monday morning. He also ran 155 metres in the evening. How many metres did he run altogether?





Estimating length



Activity 1

Measure the lengths

Object	Length in metres
Length of class room	
Length of chalkboard	
Length of a block of classrooms	



Work to do

Estimate and measure

Object	Estimate	Actual	How close was the estimate
Width of class			
Length of tables			
Length of desk			
Length of classroom floor			
Lenth of volleyball pitch			





Adding mass in kilograms



Work to do

- **1.** Jane has 2 kg of beans and 7 kg of maize. How many kg does she have altogether?
- 2. Peter has 4 kg of coffee and 3 kg of tea leaves. How many kg does he have altogether?
- **3.** Halima has 2 kg of meat and 3 kg of potatoes. How many kg does she have altogether?
- **4.** In a hotel, there are 20 kg of rice and 14 kg of sugar. How many kg are there altogether?
- **5.** A school has 12 kg of sugar and 5 kg of coffee. How many kg are there altogether?



Subtracting mass in kilograms

Example

Halima has 18 kg of potatoes, she gave Jacinta 5 kgs. How many kgs were left?



Halima is left with **13 kg** of potatoes

Work to do:

- James bought 25 kg of meat. He gave 10 kg to John. How many kg of meat was he left with?
- Mary had 16 kg of beans. She cooked 9 kg. How many kg of beans were left?
- Jane has 22 kg of sugar. She gave Asha 10
 kg. How many kg of sugar was she left with?




Estimating mass



Work to do

Activity

Estimate and measure

Object	Estimate in kg	Actual in kg	How close was the estimate
Books			
Bags			



Object	Estimate in kg	Actual in kg	How close was the estimate
Shoes			
Stones			
Soil			
sand			





Adding capacity

Example John bought 4 litres of milk. His grandmother brought him 3 litres of milk. How many litres does he have altogether? 4 litres + 3 litres = 7 litres

- L Jane used 2 litres of milk and 5 litres of water to make tea. How many litres of tea did she make?
- 2. Juma had 23 litres of water. He was given 8 more litres. How many litres of water does he have altogether?
- 3. A tank had 134 litres of water. Helen added 57 litres of water into the tank. How many litres of water does it have altogether?
- 4. A cook prepared 14 litres of porridge in the morning. He prepared 9 litres of porridge in the afternoon. How many litres of porridge did he prepare altogether?
- 5. Mary bought 12 litres of juice. Ann bought 9 litres of juice. How many litres of juice did they have altogether?



Subtracting capacity

Example

A car had 26 litres of petrol. It used 14 litres. How many litres were left?

```
26 litres – 14 litres = 12 litres.
```

- I. Juma had 43 litres of water. He used 5 litres. How many litres of water were left?
- A shopkeeper had 93 litres of milk. He sold 38 litres. How many litres of milk were left?
- 3. A school tank had 532 litres of water. The school used 117 litres. How many litres of water were left?
- 4. Amina had 749 litres of diesel. She sold 63 litres. How many litres of diesel were left?
- 5. A bucket had 26 litres of water. Mwau used 15 litres. How many litres were left.







Estimating capacity

Activity

Estimate capacity of each container. How many litres can each container hold?



Work to do

Estimate and measure.

Containers	Estimate in litres	Actual in litres	How close was the Estimate?
I.			
2.			
3.			
4.			
5.			
6.			
7.			



Reading, signing and telling time "to" the hour





Work to do

What is the time?



Reading, signing and telling time



Work to do

What is the time?

During the day



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During the night





Writing time "past" the hour



Work to do What is the time?







Work to do What is the time?



MONEY

Shopping activities involving change.

Use the classroom shop.



Examples

Peter has a sh.1000 note. How many sh.500 notes will he get?





Peter gets two sh.500 notes as change.

Change is the same amount of money but in different denominations.

2. Hellen has five sh.100 notes. How many sh.500 notes will she get?









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Hellen gets one sh. 500 note as change.

- I. Juma has a sh.200 note. How many one hundred shillings notes will he get as change?
- 2. Judy has a sh.100 note. How many sh.50 notes will she get as change?
- 3. Abdi has a sh.200 note. How many sh.50 notes will he get as change?
- 4. Moses has a sh.500 note. How many sh.100 notes will he get as change?
- 5. Asha has a sh.1000 note. How many sh.200 notes will she get as change?
- 6. Mary has five sh.200 notes. How many sh.1000 notes will she get as change?
- 7. Tom has a sh.1000 note. How many five hundred shillings notes will he get as change?





Shopping activities involving balance.

Examples

Using the classroom shop

I. Tom had a sh.1000 note. He bought a bag for sh.600. How much money was he left with? Sh.1000 - sh.600 = sh.400

sh 400 is the balance.

2. Asha had a sh.500 note. She bought a book for sh.320. What was the balance? sh.500 - sh.320 = sh.180



Balance is the amount of many that remains after paying for the items we have bought.

- Martin had a sh.500 note. He bought a stool for sh.300. What balance did he get?
- 2. David had a sh.1000 note. He bought a school bag for sh.950. What balance did he get?
- 3. Joan has a sh.500 note. She bought petrol for her car for sh.350. What balance did she get?



Adding and subtracting money

Example 1	sh.
Mary had sh. 345. Her mother	345
gave her sh. 225 more. How much	+ 225
money did she have altogether?	570
Example 2	sh.
Maurice had sh. 32 He spent	32
sh 16. How much money was he	- 16
left with?	16

- I. Peter bought sugar for sh.176. He also bought flour for sh 206. How much did he spend altogether?
- Babu spent sh 341 at the market. He spent sh.270 on transport. How much did he spend altogether?
- 3. A family spends sh.514 on lunch. It also spends sh.275 on supper. How much does it spend altogether?





- 4. A watchman is paid sh.626 a day. A sweeper is paid sh.302 a day. How much are they paid altogether?
- 5. Peris had sh. 714. She used sh.220 to buy a dress. How much money was she left with?
- 6. Joshua has sh 403. He uses sh 53 to buy a toy. How much money is he left with?
- 7. Onesmus was given sh.256. He used sh 141. How much money was he left with?



POSITION AND DIRECTION

Week || Lesson 4

Turning to the Right

GEOMETRY



Work to do

Fill in

- **1.** To visit the bore hole from the hospital, one walks straight then turns _____
- 2. From the market to the bank one will walk straight then turn _____
- **3.** From the farm to Moraa's home you walk straight then turn _____





Turning to the Left



straight then turns to the LEFT

Work to do

Fill in

- For Mwende to visit Amina she walks straight then turns _____
- 2. From the hotel to the market the farmer will move straight then turn _____
- 3. To reach Mwende's home from the bank, a person moves straight then turns _____















NUMBERS

NUMBER CONCEPT

Week | Lesson |

Position names

Number cards $ \begin{bmatrix} 1^\circ & 2^\circ & 3^\circ \\ 8^\circ & 9^\circ & 10^\circ \\ 15 & 16^\circ & 17^\circ \end{bmatrix} $	4° 5° 6° 7° 11° 12 13 14 18 19 20
Activity Match the number ca position. eleventh twelfth	Irds above with their fifteenth
thirteenth fourteenth nineteenth	seventeenth eighteenth twentieth

What is the position of the red balloons?







Position 1st to 20th

Example

What is the position of policewoman as she moves



Work to do

Complete the table

Number	Position
	llth
12	12th
13	13th
14	14th
15	15th
16	
7	
18	
19	
20	



Counting in Tens

Activity
Count
8 0, 90, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140
310, 320, 330, 340, 350, 360, 370
520, 530, 540, 550, 560, 570, 5 8 0
920, 930, 940, 950, 960, 970, 9 8 0, 990
8 10, 8 00, 790, 7 8 0, 770, 760, 750
1000, 990, 9 8 0, 970, 960, 950, 940
600, 590, 5 8 0, 570, 560, 550, 540

Work to do

Fill in the missing numbers

280, 290, 300, 310, ____, ____, ____
 360, 350, 340, 330, ____, ____, ____
 580, 570, 560, 550, 540, ____, ____
 580, 790, 800, _____, _____
 780, 790, 800, _____, _____



Place value

Example |

798 can be shown as follows

	000000	00000000		
Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones	

Thousands	Hundreds	Tens	Ones
	7	9	8

7 hundreds, 9 Tens , 8 Ones

Example 2

1000 is shown on the place value chart as



That is 1 thousands 0 hundreds, 0 tens and 0 ones.



Fill in the missing numbers









Reading and signing Numbers 1 to 1000								
Read ar	Read and sign.							
101	204	350	427	505				
6 8 7	790	8 12	8 55	900				
999	1000	10	20	35				
40	45	50	65	70				
	12	13	33	47				
67	8 9	93	26	555				
452	8 35	326	142	742				

- I. In turns learners pair out and read and sign numbers using number cards.
- 2. In groups learners read and sign numbers using number cards.



Reading, signing, fingerspelling and writing numbers in words

Activity		
Match		
<u>Number</u>	<u>Words</u>	
12	fifteen	
15	thirty five	
23	eighty	
35	twelve	
57	fifty seven	
69	ninety four	
70	One hundred	
80	twenty three	
94	sixty nine	
100	seventy	

Work to do

Write the numbers

	Number	Words	
Ι.	66	Sixty six	
2.	27		_
3.	5 8	fifty eight	
4.	9 8		_
5.	19		
6.		Fifty nine	
7.	99		_
8.		One hundred	
	Property of the Govern	ment of Kenya 198	

Number Patterns 1 to 1000

Example1

Work out the missing numbers

20, 25, 30, ____, ____, ____, 50 **Counting on in 5's the missing numbers are** 35, 40, 45

Example 2

Work out the missing numbers

I, 5, 9, ____, 2I, ____, 29

The rule is adding 4 to get the next number. From 9 the next numbers is 9 + 4 to get 13

The next number is 13 + 4 to get 17.

From |7 the next is |7 + 4 to get 2|.

From 21 the next number is 21 + 4 to get 25

Example 3

Work out the missing numbers

403, 413, 423, ____, ____

By counting on in 10's the missing numbers are 433, 443.



Fill in the missing numbers

١.	30, 29, 2 8 , 27,	,	,
2.	2 8 , 29, 30,	,,	
3.	432, 434, 436,	,,	
4.	770, 760, 750,	,,	
5.	630 , 68 0, 73 0,	??	
6.	22 8 , 223, 21 8 ,	,,	









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Week 2 Lesson 4

Comparing $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{4}$ and $\frac{1}{8}$







Which fraction is bigger?

- 1. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 20 or $\frac{1}{4}$ of 20?2. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 16 or $\frac{1}{8}$ of 16?3. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 12 or $\frac{1}{2}$ of 12?Which is the biggest fraction?
- 4. $\frac{1}{4}$ of 24 or $\frac{1}{2}$ of 24 or $\frac{1}{8}$ of 24 5. $\frac{1}{2}$ of 32 or $\frac{1}{8}$ of 32 or $\frac{1}{4}$ of 32



Adding a 3 - digit number to a 1 - digit number

Examples	I.	472 + <u>6</u> 47 8	2. $690 + 8 =$ 690 $+ \frac{8}{698}$
Work to do			

Add

Ι.	436 2. 247 + 3 + 2	3 . 452 4 . 650 <u>+ 7</u> <u>+ 9</u>
5.	256 + 3 =	<u>6.</u> 621 + 7 =
7.	784 + 5 =	<mark>8</mark> . 923 + 6 =

- 9. Ali had 800 goats. He bought 8 more goats. How many goats does he have now?
- 10. Mary had 102 packets of unga. She bought 7 more packets. How many packets does she have altogether?



Week 3 Lesson I

Adding a 3 - digit number to a 2 - digit number

E	xample	I. 670 + <u>28</u> <u>698</u>	2. 572 + 27 = 572 + <u>27</u> 599
W Ad	ork to do Id		
I.	625 <u>+ 34</u>	2. 216 <u>+ 52</u>	3. 400 <u>+ 60</u>
4. +	60 8 - 40	5. 900 + 99	_
6.	921 + 65 =	7.	8 62 + 34 =
8.	743 + 5I = [9.	600 + 90 =

- 10. Otieno had 125 bottles of juice. He bought 72 more bottles of juice. How many bottles of juice does he have altogether?
- II. Muso had 200 packets of pencils. He bought 66 more packets of pencils. How many packets of pencils does he have altogether?



Adding	a 3 -	digit	number	to a 1	- digit	number

Example	 . 72 <u>+9</u> 8	2. $409 + 8 = $ 1 409 + 8 417
Work to do : Add I. 126 + 7	2. 214 + <u>8</u>	3. 326 + <u>9</u>

4.	484		5.	6 88		6.	-	7 4
+	6		-	+7		-	+ _	8
							-	
7.	525 + 8	=]	8.	672 + 9	= [
٩.	91 8 + 8	=]	10.	9 8 2 + 8	=		

- II. Fatuma had 105 buttons in her shop. She bought another 6 buttons. How many buttons does she have altogether?
- 12. A box of mangoes weighs 126 kg. Another 48kg of mangoes were added. How many kg of mangoes are there altogether?




Week 3 Lesson 3

Adding a 3 - digit number to a 2 - digit number

Example	 . 462 + 73 535	2. 782 + 47 = Re-write this 1 782 + 47 829	s as
Work to do Add 1. 260 + 57	2. 3 8 4 + <u>35</u>	3. 672 4. + <u>47</u>	652 + <u>93</u>
5. 567 + 42		<mark>6</mark> . 7 8 4 + 55 = ∣	

7. 856 + 63 =

- 8. Peter had 246 bottles of soda in his shop. He bought 70 more bottles of soda. How many bottles of soda does he have altogether?
- 9. Juma has 256 oranges. Amina has 71 oranges. How many oranges do they have altogether?
- 10. Lesiampe has 174 goats. His brother Leshere has 92 goats. How many goats do they have altogether?



Week 3 Lesson 4

Adding 3 - single digit numbers



Add

Ι.	3 + 4 +	8 =	2. 6 + 7 +	5 =
3.	7 + 4 +	6 =	4. 7 + 8 +	6 =
5.	8 + 9 +	7 =	6. 9+9+	9 =
7.	6 4 + 3	8. 7 6 + 8	9. 9 8 + 4	10. 6 9 + 9



Adding two 3-digit numbers

Example	2. 159 + 740 = 8 99
I. 467	769
+ 221	+ 220
<u>688</u>	

Work to do Add

.	375	2. 8 54	3. 695
+	- 423	+ <u>135</u>	+ <u>302</u>
 4.	632 - 103	5. 9 + 8 06	6. 329 + 260
7.	8 07	8. 275	
+	- 191	+ 310	
_ 9.	737 + 2	51 = 10.	426 + 302 =

209

Adding two 3 - digit numbers

E	X	a	m	pl	le

Ι.

- Steps
- + |47

235

| 235 + |47

3**8**2

and take | tens to tens column. 2. Add | tens to 3 tens to 4 tens to get 8 tens. write 8 in tens column

 \therefore Add 5 ones to 7 ones to get $|2\rangle$

ones. Write 2 in ones column,

- 3. Add 2 hundreds to | hundreds to get 3 hundreds Write 3 in the hundreds column.
- **2.** 2**8**1 + 136

281

+ |36

417

- Steps
- Add | ones to 6 ones to get 7 ones.
- 2. Add 8 tens to 3 tens to get || tens. Write | in tens column and take | hundreds to the hundreds column.
- 3. Add 1 hundreds to 2 hundreds to | hundreds to get 4 hundreds.
- 4. Write 4 in hundreds column.



Work to do			
Add 1. 426 + <u>348</u>	2. 257 + <u>234</u>	3. +	363 129
4. 227 + 292	5. 22 + 8	6.	479 + 214
7.546 + 219 =	8. 27 +	292	=
9.24 8 + 171 =	10. 567	+ 1 8 2	=



Number patterns

Example 1

Create a pattern in 5s starting at 150

You make 5 dashes ____, ___, ___, ___, ___,

The pattern in 5s starting at 150 is 150, 155, 160, 165, 170, 175

Example 2

Create a pattern in 10's starting at 300

You make 5 dashes ____, ___, ___, ___, ___,

The pattern in 10's starting at 300 is

300, 310, 320, 330, 340, 350

Work to do

Create patterns

- Create a pattern in 10's starting at 320 1 320, ____, ____, ____, ____,
- Create a pattern in 100's starting at 550 2. 550, ____, ____, ____, ____
- Create a pattern in 50's starting at 630 3. 630, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____
- Create a pattern in 5's starting at 811 4. 811, ____, ____, ____, ____
- Create a pattern in 20's starting at 460 5. 460, _____, _____, _____, _____, _____





Subtracting a 2 - digit number from a 3 - digit number

Example I 537 - 24 513	 Steps Subtract 4 ones get 3 ones Subtract 2 tens get 1 tens. 	s from 7 ones to from 3 tens to
	3. Bring down 5 hu	Indreds
Example 2		
8 97 - 25 =	Steps Arrange vert	ically
8 97	2. Subtract 5 on to get 2 ones	es from 7 ones
- <u>25</u> 8 72	3. Subtract 2 te to get 7 tens.	ns from 9 tens
<u> </u>	4. Write 8 in the	e hundreds place
Work to to		<u> </u>
Subtract		
37 8	2. 267	3. 146
- 52	- 23	_ 15

5. 596

42

213

4. 4**8**9 <u>- 63</u>

|4

6. 9**8**5

- **8.** 6**8**9 72 **=**
- **9.** 6**8**9 65 **=**
- **10.** A town has 196 adults. There are 84 men. How many are women?





Subtracting a 2 - digit number from a 3 - digit number

Example	
266	Steps
- 8 2	 Subtract 2 ones from 6 ones to get 4 ones.
 266	 Since you can not subtract 8 tens from 6 tens, regroup by breaking hundreds as hundreds and 0 tens. Add 0 tens to 6 tens to get tens.
- 8 2	3. Subtract 8 tens from 16 tens to get
184	8 tens. 4. Bring down the remaining I
Example 2 646 - 73 5 646 - 73 - 73 573	 Steps Subtract 3 ones from 6 ones to get 3 ones. Since you can not subtract 7 tens from 4 tens, regroup by breaking 6 hundreds as 5 hundreds and 10 tens. Add 10 tens to 4 tens to get 14 tens. Subtract 7 tens from 14 tens to get 7 tens. Bring down the remaining 5



Work to do Subtraction

1. 135	2. 347	3. 349
- <u>72</u>	- <u>62</u>	- <u>52</u>
4. 734	5. 456	6. 8 39
- <u>63</u>	- <u>75</u>	- <u>43</u>
7. 923	8. 527	9. 337
- <u>72</u>	- <u>94</u>	- <u>54</u>

10. A farmer harvested 425 oranges. He gave out 64 oranges to children. How many oranges were left?



Subtracting a 3 - digit number from a 3 - digit number

Example I	
416	Steps
- 245	 Subtract 5 ones from 6 ones to get 1 ones.
	 Since you can not subtract 4 tens from I tens, regroup by breaking 4 hundreds as 3 hundreds and IO tens. Add IO tens to I tens to get II
3 /416	2 Subtract 4 tens from 11 tens to get
- 245	7 tens
7	4. Subtract 2 hundreds from the
	remaining 3 hundreds to get
Example 2	
	Steps
51 8	1. Subtract 7 ones from 8 ones to get
	5
- 457	l ones.
- <u>457</u>	 ones. Since you can not subtract 5 tens from I tens, regroup by breaking 5 hundreds as 4 hundreds and 10
- <u>457</u> 	 ones. Since you can not subtract 5 tens from tens, regroup by breaking 5 hundreds as 4 hundreds and 10 tens. Add 10 tens to tens to get 11 tens
- <u>457</u> 	 ones. Since you can not subtract 5 tens from I tens, regroup by breaking 5 hundreds as 4 hundreds and 10 tens. Add 10 tens to I tens to get 11 tens. Subtract 5 tens from 11 tens to get
- <u>457</u> - <u>4</u> 51 8 - <u>457</u>	 ones. Since you can not subtract 5 tens from I tens, regroup by breaking 5 hundreds as 4 hundreds and 10 tens. Add 10 tens to I tens to get II tens. Subtract 5 tens from II tens to get 6 tens



Subtract

I. 527	2. 306	3. 675
- 241	<u>- 245</u>	- 193
4. 736	5. 957	6. 4 8 9
- 373	- 562	<u>- 197</u>
7. 77 8 - 593	8. 8 07 <u>- 432</u>	

- 9. A forester had 638 seedlings. He gave out 475 seedlings. How many seedlings was he left with?
- 10. A school bought 535 pencils. The headteacher gave 365 pencils to his learners. How many pencils were left?





Subtracting multiples of 10

Example	
6 8 0	Steps
- 130	 Subtract O ones from O ones to get O ones.
	 Subtract 3 tens from 8 tens to get 5 tens
6 8 0	3. Subtract hundreds from 6
- 130	hundreds to get 5 hundreds
550	

Example 2

770

40

730

770 - 40 =	
------------	--

Steps

- I. Arrange vertically
- 2. Subtract O ones from O ones to get O ones.
- 3. Subtract 4 tens from 7 tens to get 3 tens
- 4. Bring down 7 hundreds

Subtract

I. 190 - 30	2. 7 8 0 <u>- 70</u>	3. 670 - 550
4 . 3 8 0	5. 940	<u>6</u> . 88 0
- 160	- 230	- 370

7. 440 - 320 =

10. On Monday, 750 passengers got onto a train from Mombasato Nairobi. At Voi, 30 passengers got off the train. How many passengers were left in the train?





Numbers in patterns

Example |

Work out missing numbers

800, 750, 700, 650, ____, ____

Steps

- Get the rule by getting the difference through subtraction between two numbers following each other.
- 2. The rule is subtract 50.
- 3. To get the next number, subtract 50 from 650. The next number is 600.
- 4. To get the next missing number, subtract 50 from 600. The number is 550.

Example 2

975, **8**25, ____, 525, 475, _____

Steps

- Get the rule by getting the difference through subtraction between two numbers following each other.
- 2. The rule is subtract 150.
- 3. To get the missing number, subtract 150 from 825 .The next number is 675.
- 4. To get the next missing number, subtract 150 from 475. The number is 325.



Work out the missing numbers

535, 460, 385, 310, ____, ____
 640, 580, 520, 460, ____, ____
 450, 300, 250, 200, ____, ____
 500, 425, ____, 275, 200, _____
 500, 630, ____, 590, 570, _____
 850, 700, 550, 400, ____, ____
 520, 440, 360, 280, ____, ____





Multiplying 8, 9 and 10





Multiply







Multiplying 8, 9 and 10

Use multiplication table to multiply

X	I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
I		2	З	4	5	6	7	8	٩	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	З	6	Р	12	15	18	21	24	27	30
4	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	5	64	72	80
٩	٩	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100

Examples

- I. **8** × 7 = 56
- 2. $|0 \times 9 = 90$

Complete the multiplication table below

Ι.

X	I	2	3	4	5
8				32	
٩		18			
10					50

Multiply







Multiplying 8, 9 and 10 by 1 - 10



Work to do

Multiply

- I. Jane sells 10 apples every day. How many apples will she sell in 9 days?
- 2. A cow produces 8 litres of milk in a day. How many litres will it produce in 5 days?
- 3. James sells 9 packets of milk every day. How many packets of milk will he sell in 8 days?



- 4. A farmer planted 10 rows of cabbage in one hour. How many rows of cabbage did he plant in 5 hours?
- 5. There are 4 windows in a classroom. How many windows are there in 8 classrooms?





Dividing numbers

×	I	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	۹	10
		2	3	Ч	5	6	7	8	٩	10
2	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	3	6	٩	12	15	8	21	24	27	30
4	Ч	8	12	16	20	24	2 8	32	36	40
5	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50
6	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60
7	7	14	21	2 8	35	42	49	56	63	70
8	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	8 0
9	٩	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	8	10)
10	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	8 0	90	100

Example

54 ÷ 6 =

Steps

- L Identify and sign the number 54 on the multiplication table.
- 2. Move horizontally on the

row to identify 6.

3. Move vertically on the column to identify 9.

229

Divide



2.
$$63 \div 7 =$$





Word questions involving division

Example

45 packets of milk were shared equally among 5 pupils. How many packets of milk did each pupil get?

45 ÷ 5 **=** 📃

45 ÷ 5 = 9

Work to do

- L John shared sh 72 equally among 9 children. How much money did each get?
- 2. Nasieku shared 64 oranges equally among 8 children. How many oranges did each child get?
- 3. Halima had 36 fish. She shared them equally among her 4 daughters. How many fish did each daughter get?
- 4. Perez shared 24 biscuits equally among 6 children. How many biscuits did each child get?
- 5. An egg tray has 24 eggs. The eggs are shared equally among 3 people. How many eggs did each person get?
- 6. Mother had 56 bananas. She shared them equally among her 8 children. How many bananas did each child get?



MEASUREMENT

LENGTH

Week 6 Lesson 3

Adding Lengths in Metres

Example

Add the lengths



Work to do

 The distance from grade 3A to grade 3B is 5 metres. The distance from grade 3B to the staffroom is 8 metres. What is the distance from grade 3A to the staffroom.





- 2. The distance from the gate to the office is 10 metres. John walked from the gate to the office and back. How many metres did he walk?
- **3.** The distance from Ben's home to the market is 450 metres. The distance from the market to the school is 360 metres. What is the distance in metres from Ben's home to the school.



Subtracting lengths in metres



Work to do

- A piece of timber is 27m long. 7m is cut from it. How long is the remaining timber?
- 2. The length of a classroom block is 87m. A worker painted 58m. How many metres remained?



- 3. Maria's home is 687m from the market. After walking for 397m from the market towards home then rested. How many metres were remaining to reach home?
- 4. Peter left home for school, which is 200m away. After walking for 70m, Peter stopped. How many metres were remaining to reach the school?
- 5. Mwende walked to the hospital which is 870m away from home. After walking for 630m, mwende rested. What was the remaining distance?



Adding and subtracting mass in kilograms

Example |

What is the total mass of beans and maize?



Beans



Maize

26 kg + 11 kg = 37 kg

The mass of beans and maize is 37kg

Example 2

Brandon has 28 kg of sugar. He gave Jusper



Brandon is left with 9kg of sugar.





Add and subtract

- Maina has 4kg of beans and 8kg of maize. How many kg does he have altogether.
- 2. Kuria has 37kg of coffee and 16kg of tea leaves. How many kg does he have altogether?
- **3.** Kefa has 62kg of meat and 7 kg of potatoes. How many kg does he have altogether?
- 4. A shopkeeper has 158kg of sugar. He sells 28kg. How many kg of sugar are left?
- 5. Patel had |20kg of rice. He sold 75kg. How many kg of rice were left?
- 6. Jerry bought 25kg of meat. He gave Elijah 17kgs. How many kg of meat was he left with?
- 7. Cyprine had 56kg of beans. She cooked 9kg. How many kg of beans were left?
- 8. Juma has 42kg of potatoes. She gave Fatuma 20kg. How many kg of potatoes was she left with?



Measuring capacity in litres

Activity

Measure to find out how much each can hold. Use the 1 litre container to measure.



Work to do

Measure the capacity of the following containers using 1 litre container.

Container	Capacity in litres
Bucket	
Jerrican	
Sufuria	
Basin	
Jug	





Subtract capacity in litres



Work to do :

- I. Wambua has 53 litres of milk. He sold 19 litres. How many litres were left?
- 2. Wafula has 443 litres of cooking oil. He used 72 litres. How many litres were left?
- 3. A family had 773 litres of water at a party. They used 429 litres. How many litres were left?
- 4. A vehicle had 517 litres of petrol. It used 134 litres. How many litres were left?
- 5. A school tank had 896 litres of water. Learners used 524 litres. How many litres were left?



Estimating capacity

Activity

- How many litres can container a, b, c and d hold? Record your estimates in the table.
- 2. Measure the actual capacity using | Litre container and record alongside the estimates.



Work to do

Estimate and measure the capacity of containers

Containers	Estimate in Litres	Actual Litres	How close
А			
В			
С			
D			





Add time in hours and minutes

Example

 John used 2 hours and 45 minutes to cycle to the market. Rose used 4 hours and 5 minutes to walk to the same market. How many hours and minutes did they use altogether? John used 2 hours and 45 minutes Rose used 4 hours and 5 minutes

	2 hrs	45 mins
+	4 hrs	5 mins
	6 hrs	50 mins

2. A bus used 4 hours and 51 minutes to move to Nairobi. A lorry used 5 hours and 4 minutes to move to Nairobi. How many hours and minutes did the bus and the lorry use altogether?

> Bus used 4 hours and 51 minutes Lorry used 5 hours and 4 minutes

	4 hrs	51 mins
+	5 hrs	4 mins
	9 hrs	55 mins



- A tailor used 4 hours and 22 minutes to make a pair of trousers. He used 2 hours and 17 minutes to make a shirt. How many hours and minutes did he use altogether?
- 2. Perpetua used 2 hours and 34 minutes to wash clothes. She used 2 hours and 15 minutes to clean the compound. How many hours and minutes did she use altogether?
- 3. Teacher Joy used | hour and 15 minutes to teach language activities. She used | hour and 20 minutes to teach mathematics activities. How many hours and minutes did she use in teaching altogether?




Subtract time in hours and minutes

Example

1. Mr. Omolo used | hour and 45 minutes to run a race. Miss Claire used | hour and 15 minutes to run the same race. By how many hours and minutes was miss Claire faster than Mr. Omolo?

> Mr. Omolo used | hour and 45 minutes Miss Claire used | hour and 15 minutes

l hr	45 mins
- Ihr	15 mins
	30 mins

Work to do

- A cook used 3 hours and 44 minutes to roast meat. He used 2 hours and 12 minutes to bake a cake. What is the difference in hours and minutes between roasting and baking?
- 2. A bus took 8 hours and 20 minutes to reach Nakuru. A matatu took 7 hours and 15 minutes. By how many hours and minutes did matatu arrive before the bus?



3. A boda boda rider used 2 hours and 35 minutes to reach Pondamali market. A car used | hour and 25 minutes to reach the same market. By how many hours and minutes did the car reach the market before the boda boda?





Relating money to goods and services

Picture showing goods and services



Work to do :

Fill in as a good or a service

Item	Good or Service	Amount
Hair cut	Service	sh.50
Flask	Good	sh. 300
Transport		sh. 200
Cloth repair		sh. 100
Book		sh 400
Pencil		sh. 20
School Sweater		sh. 800
Shoe repair		sh. 50



Needs and wants

Example

Complete the table using the following items: phone, car, clothes, toy, house, bus, radio, food. TV.

Needs	Wants

Work to do

Fill in as needs and wants

Item	Needs	Wants
a) Bicycle		
b) Car		
c) Chair		
d) Table		
e) Pencil		
f) Duster		
a) Watch		
h) Clothes		
i) Toy		
i) House		
k) Book		
I) Food		





Spending and saving

Example

John received sh.300 from his uncle. He spent sh. 50 on a book. How much did he save?

S	hillings	Spending in shillings	Saving in shillings	
3	00	50	250	

Work to do

Fill in as a spending or saving

Shillings before spending	Spending in shillings	Saving in shillings
1. 500	300	200
2. 1000	400	
3. 650	250	
4. 500	400	
5. 200	150	
6. 400	350	
7. 1000	700	
8. 700		400
9. 800		300
10. 900		500



GEOMETRY POSITION AND DIRECTION Week 8 Lesson 4

Turning to the right and left from a point



Example

To get to the hospital from school, a learner will walk straight then turn <u>**right**</u>

Work to do

Use the map above to fill in

- I. To get to school Mwende moves straight then turns _____
- 2. To visit the market Mwende will walk straight then turn _____
- 3. To walk to the market, Kamau will walk straight then turn _____
- 4. From the school to the borehole, learners will walk _____
- 5. To visit the farm from school, a teacher will walk straight then turn _____





Pattern making using shapes



Work to do



